The Council hereby refuses permission for Construction of a new grain store and creation of an access from Fowlmere Road together with planting and formation of an acoustic bund.

At: Land East of Fowlmere Road, Foxton
For: Thriplow Farms Ltd,

In accordance with your application dated 09 October 2017

for the following reasons:-

1. The proposed grain store, new access and acoustic bund would represent inappropriate development that is, by definition, harmful to the Green Belt in policy terms. The proposal is therefore contrary to Policy GB/1 of the South Cambridgeshire Local Development Framework Development Control Policies DPD 2007 that states that there is a presumption against inappropriate development in the Green Belt and paragraph 87 of the National Planning Policy Framework 2012 that states inappropriate development is, by definition, harmful to the Green Belt and should not be approved except in very special circumstances. No very special circumstances have been demonstrated that would clearly outweigh the in principle harm to the Green Belt through inappropriateness and the other harm by the adverse effect on the rural character and openness of the Green Belt as a result of the scale, height and mass of the proposed buildings contrary to Policy GB/2 of the South Cambridgeshire Local Development Framework Development Control Policies DPD 2007.

General

1. Statement as to how the Local Planning Authority (LPA) has worked with the applicant in a positive and proactive manner on seeking solutions

The LPA positively encourages pre-application discussions. Details of this advice service can be found on the Planning pages of the Council’s website www.scambs.gov.uk. If a proposed development requires revisions to make it acceptable the LPA will provide an opinion as to how this might be achieved. The LPA will work with the applicant to advise on what information is necessary for the submission of an application and what additional
information might help to minimise the need for planning conditions. When an application is acceptable, but requires further details, conditions will be used to make a development acceptable. Joint Listed Building and Planning decisions will be issued together. Where applications are refused clear reasons for refusal will identify why a development is unacceptable and will help the applicant to determine whether and how the proposal might be revised to make it acceptable.

In relation to this application, it was considered and the process managed in accordance with paragraphs 186 and 187 of the National Planning Policy Framework.

2. A delegation report or committee report, setting out the basis of this decision, is available on the Council’s website.

To help us enhance our service to you please click on the link and complete the customer service questionnaire: www.surveymonkey.com/s/2SS22FZ

Stephen Kelly
Joint Director for Planning and Economic Development for Cambridge and South Cambridgeshire

South Cambridgeshire Hall, Cambourne Business Park, Cambourne, Cambridge, CB23 6EA

SEE NOTES OVERLEAF
NOTES

Appeals to the Secretary of State

If you are aggrieved by the decision of your Local Planning Authority to refuse permission for the proposed development or to grant it subject to conditions, then you can appeal to the Secretary of State for the Environment under Section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

If you want to appeal, then you must do so using a form which you can get from the Customer Support Unit, Planning Inspectorate, Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol BS1 6PN.

Alternatively, an online appeals service is available through the Appeals area of the Planning Portal - see www.planningportal.gov.uk/pcs. The Planning Inspectorate will publish details of your appeal on the internet. This may include a copy of the original planning application form and relevant supporting documents supplied to the local authority, together with the completed appeal form and information you submit to the Planning Inspectorate. Please ensure that you only provide information you are happy will be made available to others in this way, including personal information belonging to you. If you supply personal information belonging to a third party please ensure you have their permission to do so. More detailed information about data protection and privacy matters is available on the Planning Portal.

Fully completed appeal forms must be received by the Planning Inspectorate within six months of the date of this decision notice except where the property is subject to an enforcement notice, where an appeal must be received within 28 days.

The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal, but he will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving the notice of appeal.

The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to him that the Local Planning Authority could not have granted planning permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions it imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of any development order and to any directions given under a development order.

In practice, the Secretary of State does not refuse to consider appeals solely because the Local Planning Authority based its decision on a direction given by him.

Purchase Notices

If either the Local Planning Authority or the Secretary of State for the Environment refuses permission to develop land or grants it subject to conditions, the owner may claim that he can neither put the land to a reasonable beneficial use in its existing state nor render the land capable of a reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted.

In these circumstances, the owner may serve a purchase notice on the District Council in whose area the land is situated. This notice will require the Council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.